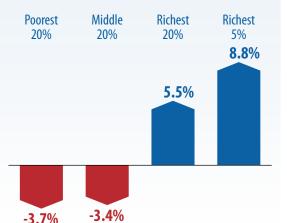
# INCOME INEQUALITY HAS GROWN IN NORTH CAROLINA

## A Lost Decade for North Carolina's Low- and Middle-Income Households

The average drop in incomes among the bottom 20 percent of households over the last decade.





#### **Inequality Worsening Since** the 1970s

Change in income by household income group, late 1970s to mid-2000s

Poorest 20%	Middle 20%	Richest 20%	Richest 5%
		73.0%	105.3%
12.3%	25.4%		

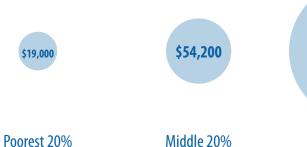
\$251,800

Richest 5%

### Incomes of North Carolina's Richest Households Dwarf Those of Its Poorest

After decades of widening inequality, North Carolina's richest households have dramatically bigger incomes than its poorest households.

The richest 5 percent of households have average incomes 13.2 times as large as the bottom 20 percent of households and 4.6 times as large as the middle 20 percent of households.



Source: Economic Policy Institute/Center on Budget and Policy Priorities analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data. Income is post-federal tax and includes the value of the EITC and the value of food stamps and housing subsidies. Income is adjusted for inflation (to 2009 dollars) and for household size. Changes shown are significant at the 90% level. For more detail, see Pulling Apart: A State-by-State Analysis of Income Trends, November 2012.





# North Carolina Among States with Highest **Income Inequality**

Ratio of average household income for the richest 20% of households to the poorest 20% of households, 2008-2010

